

Homework #16Due ~~Tuesday, April 7~~ **Thursday, April 9** in Gradescope by **11:59 pm ET****READ** Sections 13, 16 in Saracino and the (optional!) **Other Group Topics** handout**WATCH** 1. Optional: Video 30: Multiplication Modulo n : Extra (24:48)

2. Required: Video 31: Simple Groups (30:06)

WRITE AND SUBMIT solutions to the following problems.**Problem 1.** (7 points) Saracino, Section 13, Problem 13.14:Let G, H be finite groups, and let $\varphi : G \rightarrow H$ be an onto homomorphism.Prove that $|H|$ divides $|G|$.**Problem 2.** (9 points) Saracino, Section 13, Problem 13.19:Let $\varphi : G \rightarrow K$ be a homomorphism. Prove that φ is one-to-one if and only if $\ker(\varphi) = \{e_G\}$.**Problem 3.** (14 points) Saracino, Section 13, Problem 13.5:Let G be the group of all real-valued functions on the real line, under addition of functions. Let $H = \{f \in G \mid f(0) = 0\}$.(a) Prove that $H \triangleleft G$.(b) Prove that $G/H \cong \mathbb{R}$.[Suggestion from RLB: do both parts in one fell swoop by defining a function $\varphi : G \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ that you then prove is a homomorphism, is onto, and has kernel H .]**Problem 4.** (11 points) (A useful fact for the next problem):Let $G = \mathbb{Q}^\times$, and let $H = \{a/b \mid a, b \text{ are odd integers}\}$. Prove that for every $x \in G$, there exist unique numbers $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ and $h \in H$ such that $x = 2^k h$.[Note: don't forget to prove **both** existence and uniqueness of k and h .]**Problem 5.** (16 points) Saracino, Section 13, Problem 13.8:Let $G = \mathbb{Q}^\times$, and let $H = \{a/b \mid a, b \text{ are odd integers}\}$, as in the previous problem.[You may take my word for it that H is a subgroup of G .]Prove that $G/H \cong \mathbb{Z}$.[Suggestion from RLB: Use the previous problem, and define $\varphi : \mathbb{Q}^\times \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ by $\varphi(2^k h) = k$. Now prove φ is a well-defined homomorphism that is onto, and that $\ker \varphi = H$; then apply the Fundamental Theorem.]**Problem 6.** (5 points) Saracino, Section 16, Problem 16.1:Let R be a ring with unity 1_R . Prove that $(-1_R)a = -a$ for all $a \in R$.

(Problems continue on next page)

Problem 7. (8 points) Saracino, Section 16, Problem 16.13:

Let R be a ring with unity.

- (a) Prove that the multiplicative identity element 1_R of R is unique.
- (b) Let $a \in R^\times$ be a unit. Prove that the multiplicative inverse a^{-1} of a is unique.

Optional Challenges (do NOT hand in): Saracino Problems 13.4, 13.13, 13.20, 13.27

Questions? You can ask in:

Class: MWF 11:35am – 12:25pm, SMUD 207

My office hours: in my office (SMUD 406):

Mon 2:00–3:30pm

Tue 1:30–3:15pm

Fri 1:00–2:00pm

David Metacarpa's QCenter Hours, in SMUD 208:

Drop-in Hours: Mon-to-Fri, 9am – noon.

Also available by appointment in the afternoons

Math Fellow Drop-in Hours, in SMUD 206:

Sun 7:30–9:00pm (Javier)

Mon 6:00–7:30pm (Megan)

Tue 6:00–7:30pm (Torin)

Tue 7:30–9:00pm (Javier)

Wed 7:30–9:00pm (Megan)

Thu 6:00–7:30pm (Torin)

Also, you may email me any time at rlbenedetto@amherst.edu