

Homework #7Due **Friday, September 26** in Gradescope by **11:59 pm ET****READ** Sections 2.1, 2.2 in Richmond&Richmond**WATCH** Video 5: Odds and Evens (19:05) [Found on moodle site]**WRITE AND SUBMIT** solutions to the following problems. **ALWAYS** justify your claims.**Problem 1.** (6 points) Section 2.1, #22 (rephrased slightly)For any rational number $x \in \mathbb{Q}$ and any irrational real number $y \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q}$, prove that $x + y$ is irrational.**Problem 2.** (7 points) Section 2.1, #39, variantWe say an integer $z \in \mathbb{Z}$ is an *additive identity element for \mathbb{Z}* (or simply an *additive identity*, for short) if the following statement is true:

$$\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}, \quad \text{we have} \quad z + n = n.$$

We saw a proof in class that 0 is an additive identity element for \mathbb{Z} . Prove that it is unique.[That is, prove that if $z \in \mathbb{Z}$ is an additive identity element, then we must have $z = 0$.]**Problem 3.** (20 points) Section 2.2, #2(b,h)Prove the following by induction n .

$$(b) \quad 1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \cdots + n^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4} \quad \text{for all } n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$(h) \quad \frac{1}{0!} + \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} + \cdots + \frac{1}{n!} < 3 - \frac{2}{(n+1)!} \quad \text{for all } n \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{1\}$$

Problem 4. (12 points) Section 2.2, #5Find the value of $2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2 + \cdots + 2^n$ for $n = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$. Make a conjecture about the value of the sum for $n \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$. Prove your conjecture.**Problem 5.** (12 points) Section 2.2, #14Prove *Bernoulli's inequality*: For every $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ with $\alpha > -1$ and $\alpha \neq 0$, and for every $n \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{1\}$, we have $(1 + \alpha)^n > 1 + n\alpha$.**Problem 6.** (14 points) Section 2.2, #19 (with parts a, b, c)Define a sequence of numbers a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots as follows:

$$a_0 = 0, \quad a_1 = 1, \quad \text{and for all } n \geq 2, \quad \text{we have } a_n = 2a_{n-1} - a_{n-2} + 2.$$

(a) Find a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5 (b) Conjecture a formula for a_n for all $n \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$.

(c) Prove the conjectural formula you stated in part (b).

Questions? You can ask in class or in:

My (Drop-In) Office Hours (SMUD 406):

Mondays 2:00–3:30pm

Tuesdays 1:45–3:15pm

Fridays 1:00–2:00pm

or by appointment.

Allison Tanguay's QCenter Drop-in Hours (SMUD 208):

Mon/Wed/Fri 10:00am–noon

Tue/Thu 1:30–4:30pm

Math Fellow Drop-in Hours (SMUD 006):

Mondays 6:00–7:30pm **Aaron** Cordoba

Mondays 7:30–9:00pm **John** Lim

Tuesdays 6:00–7:30pm **Aaron** Cordoba

Tuesdays 7:30–9:00pm **Gretta** Ineza

Wednesdays 7:30–9:00pm **John** Lim

Thursdays 6:00–7:30pm **Gretta** Ineza

Also, you may email me any time at rlbenedetto@amherst.edu