

**Homework #7**Due **Friday, September 27** in Gradescope by **11:59 pm ET**

- **READ** the two worked-out examples in this handout
- **CONSULT** Sections 7.2 and 7.3 of the Stewart Calculus textbook
- **WRITE AND SUBMIT** solutions to the 9 assigned problems in this handout

**NOTE:** Show your work, as always.

**Example 1:** 
$$\int \frac{1}{[1+x^2]^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1+\tan^2\theta)^{7/2}} \cdot \sec^2\theta d\theta = \int \frac{1}{(\sec^2\theta)^{7/2}} \cdot \sec^2\theta d\theta$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{\sec^2\theta})^7} \cdot \sec^2\theta d\theta = \int \frac{1}{(\sec\theta)^7} \cdot \sec^2\theta d\theta = \int \frac{\sec^2\theta}{\sec^7\theta} d\theta = \int \frac{1}{\sec^5\theta} d\theta$$

$$= \int \cos^5\theta d\theta = \int \cos^4\theta \cos\theta d\theta = \int (1-\sin^2\theta)^2 \cos\theta d\theta$$

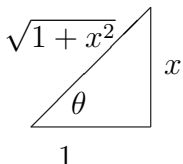
$$\begin{aligned} u &= \sin\theta \\ du &= \cos\theta d\theta \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int (1-u^2)^2 du = \int 1-2u^2+u^4 du = u - \frac{2u^3}{3} + \frac{u^5}{5} + C = \sin\theta - \frac{2\sin^3\theta}{3} + \frac{\sin^5\theta}{5} + C$$

$$= \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} - \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \right)^3 + \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \right)^5 + C$$

Trig Sub above:

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \tan\theta \\ dx &= \sec^2\theta d\theta \end{aligned}$$



**Example 2:** 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(2\sin\theta)^2}{\sqrt{4-4\sin^2\theta}} \cdot 2\cos\theta d\theta = \int \frac{4\sin^2\theta}{\sqrt{4(1-\sin^2\theta)}} \cdot 2\cos\theta d\theta$$

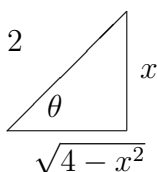
$$= 4 \int \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\sqrt{4}\sqrt{\cos^2\theta}} \cdot 2\cos\theta d\theta = 4 \int \frac{\sin^2\theta}{2\cos\theta} \cdot 2\cos\theta d\theta = 4 \int \sin^2\theta d\theta$$

$$= 4 \int \frac{1-\cos(2\theta)}{2} d\theta = 2 \int 1-\cos(2\theta) d\theta = 2 \left( \theta - \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2} \right) + C$$

$$= 2 \left( \theta - \frac{2\sin\theta\cos\theta}{2} \right) + C = 2\theta - 2\sin\theta\cos\theta + C = 2 \arcsin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{4-x^2} + C$$

Trig Sub above:

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 2\sin\theta \\ dx &= 2\cos\theta d\theta \end{aligned}$$



**Next, complete the following HW problems**  
found on the next page

## Assigned Problems for HW 7

**Exercises 1–9:** Compute each of the following Integrals. Simplify.

1.  $\int \sin^2 x \cos^3 x \, dx$

2.  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^5 x \, dx$

3.  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^2 \theta \, d\theta$

4.  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \, dx$

5.  $\int x \sin^2 x \, dx$

6.  $\int_0^1 x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} \, dx$       using Trig Sub

7.  $\int \sqrt{9-x^2} \, dx$

8.  $\int \frac{1}{(4+x^2)^{5/2}} \, dx$

9.  $\int x \arcsin x \, dx$

**Note:** It is also possible to do the integral in problem 6 using the (non-trig) substitution  $u = 1 - x^2$ . (Can you figure out how to do this?) But in problem 6 above, I am specifically asking you to do it using Trig Sub, so please do it by Trig Sub.

# My (Drop-In) Office Hours: SMUD 406

**Tuesday: 1:30–3:00 pm**

**Thursday: 1:30–3:00 pm**

**~~Friday: 2:00–3:00 pm~~**

**My Friday 9/27 is moved 30 minutes earlier: 1:30–2:30pm**  
(or by appointment)

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## Math Fellow Evening Drop-in Hours: SMUD 207

<b>Sunday</b>	6:00–7:30pm:	<b>Natalie Stott</b>
<b>Sunday</b>	7:30–9:00pm:	<b>Oscar Hernandez</b>
<b>Monday</b>	6:00-7:30pm:	<b>Aaron Cordoba</b>
<b>Monday</b>	7:30–9:00pm:	<b>Oscar Hernandez</b>
<b>Tuesday</b>	6:00-7:30pm:	<b>Gretta Ineza</b>
<b>Wednesday</b>	7:30–9:00pm:	<b>Natalie Stott</b>
<b>Thursday</b>	6:00-7:30pm:	<b>Gretta Ineza</b>
<b>Thursday</b>	7:30–9:00pm:	<b>DJ Beason</b>
<b>Friday</b>	6:00-7:30pm:	<b>Aaron Cordoba</b>
<b>Friday</b>	7:30–9:00pm:	<b>DJ Beason</b>

• My Office Hours are times to drop in to my office, unannounced. Math Fellow hours are also for unannounced drop-ins, in SMUD 207, at the hours above.

All are welcome! Just stop by. Working on your calculus assignment can be fun! I encourage you to come hang out at many of these help sessions.

• **NO LATE HOMEWORK!** unless illness or emergency occurs.