

Homework #18Due **Friday, November 22** in Gradescope by **11:59 pm ET**

- **REVIEW** your class notes about Taylor and MacLaurin series
- **CONSULT** Sections 11.10 and 11.11 of the Stewart Calculus textbook
- **WRITE AND SUBMIT** solutions to the 23 assigned problems in this handout

NOTE: Show your work, as always.**Assigned Problems for HW 18****Exercises 1–22:** Find the **sum** of each of the following series (which do converge). Simplify.

1. $1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} - \dots$

2. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \pi^{2n+1}}{9^n (2n)!}$

3. $-\frac{\pi^3}{3!} + \frac{\pi^5}{5!} - \frac{\pi^7}{7!} + \frac{\pi^9}{9!} - \dots$

4. $-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} - \dots$

5. $-1 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} - \dots$

6. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (\ln 8)^n}{3^{n+1} n!}$

7. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \pi^{2n}}{(36)^n (2n+1)!}$

8. $\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2(6)^2} + \frac{1}{3(6)^3} - \frac{1}{4(6)^4} + \dots$

9. $1 - e + \frac{e^2}{2!} - \frac{e^3}{3!} + \frac{e^4}{4!} - \frac{e^5}{5!} + \dots$

10. $-\frac{\pi^2}{2!} + \frac{\pi^4}{4!} - \frac{\pi^6}{6!} + \frac{\pi^8}{8!} - \dots$

11. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \pi^{2n}}{(2n)!}$

12. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{e^n}$

13. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} 2^{n+1} (\ln 9)^n}{n!}$

14. $4 - \frac{4}{3} + \frac{4}{5} - \frac{4}{7} + \frac{4}{9} - \dots$

15. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{e^6 (x-6)^n}{n!}$ (answer will be in x)

16. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1} \pi^{2n+1}}{9 (2n)!}$

17. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3! \pi^n}$

18. $-\pi + \frac{\pi^3}{3!} - \frac{\pi^5}{5!} + \dots$

19. $1 + 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots$

20. $2 - 1 + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{4} + \frac{2}{5} - \dots$

21. $\frac{1}{2!} - \frac{1}{3!} + \frac{1}{4!} - \frac{1}{5!} + \dots$

22. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \pi^{2n+1}}{(\sqrt{2})^{4n} (2n)!}$

Exercise 23: Use series to compute $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{xe^x - \arctan x}{\ln(1+5x) - 5x}$

Check your answer using L'Hôpital's Rule.

My (Drop-In) Office Hours: SMUD 406

Tuesday: 1:30–3:00 pm

Thursday: 1:30–3:00 pm

Friday: 2:00–3:00 pm
(or by appointment)

Math Fellow Evening Drop-in Hours: SMUD 207

Sunday	6:00–7:30pm:	Natalie Stott
Sunday	7:30–9:00pm:	Oscar Hernandez
Monday	6:00–7:30pm:	Aaron Cordoba
Monday	7:30–9:00pm:	Oscar Hernandez
Tuesday	6:00–7:30pm:	Gretta Ineza
Wednesday	7:30–9:00pm:	Natalie Stott
Thursday	6:00–7:30pm:	Gretta Ineza
Thursday	7:30–9:00pm:	DJ Beason
Friday	6:00–7:30pm:	Aaron Cordoba
Friday	7:30–9:00pm:	DJ Beason

• My Office Hours are times to drop in to my office, unannounced. Math Fellow hours are also for unannounced drop-ins, in SMUD 207, at the hours above.

All are welcome! Just stop by. Working on your calculus assignment can be fun! I encourage you to come hang out at many of these help sessions.

• **NO LATE HOMEWORK!** unless illness or emergency occurs.